



PIGEON FARMING POULTRY PRODUCTION

PRESENTED TO:- MAM KANWAL RAFIQUE
PRESENTED BY:-2015-VA-277 TO 282

INTRODUCTION

- very interesting and profitable.
- very popular domestic bird.
- require less labor and low investment.
- can also be raise and take care in leisure time.
- can be a great source of some extra income and entertainment.



GOOD WAY TO FARMING

- Raising pigeons using modern methods is very profitable than traditional way.
- successful in pigeon farming business, use modern rearing techniques.



BENEFITS

Pigeon farming has some great benefits.

- it's very easy to handle them.
- From their six month of age they start laying eggs.
- two baby pigeon per month on an average.
- can be raised easily in the home yard and roof of the house

CONT.

- It takes about 18 days to hatch their eggs.
- Baby pigeon (squab) become suitable for consumption within their 3 to 4 weeks of age.
- Diseases are comparatively less in pigeons.
- keep the environment safe by eating different types of insects

CONT.

- The squab has a great demand as a good patient's diet.
- types of toys can be made by the feather of pigeons.

PIGEON BREED

- 300 breeds available around the world.
- Two types of breeds
 - 1-meat producing breed
 - 2-entertaining breed

Meat Productive Breeds

- White king
- texona.
- silver king
- Gola.
- lokha.



Entertaining

- Moyurponkhi
- shirazi
- lohore
- fantail
- jacobin
- frillback
- modena
- trumpeter
- loyal.



PAKISTAN BREEDS

35 WALY BREED

ALI WALY BREED

BANKA BREED

GOLDEN BREED



Life cycle

- are raised in pair i.e male and female.
- survive for 12 to 15 years.
- They lay two eggs every time
- their breeding capability stays for about 5 years.
- Both male and female pigeons hatch the eggs.
- At their age of 26 days, they become adult

HOUSING

- Built their house in a higher place. This will keep the pigeons free from dog, cat, mouse and some other harmful predators.
- Ensure huge flow of air and light inside the house.
- Prevent the entrance of rain water directly inside the house.

CONT.

- build by thin wood or tin, bamboo or with packing boxes.
- Every pigeon require about 30 cm long, 30 cm high and 30 cm wide space.
- Every room of the pigeon house have to have the facilities of staying two pigeon.
- Keep a door on every room measuring 10×10 cm.

CONT.

- Always try to keep the house clean and dry.
- Clean the house once or twice per month.
- Keep the food and water pot near the house.
- Keep some straw near the house, so that the pigeons can make bed for them.
- Keep water and sand near the house, as they clean their body by water and dust.

FEEDING OF YOUNG PIGEON

- Pigeons generally eat wheat, maize, paddy, rice, enamel, legume, triticum aestivus mustard, gram etc.
- . Pigeon feed should contain 15-16 % protein. Every pigeon consume 35-50 grams of grainy feed daily.
- Along with this, feed them some green vegetables daily.

BABY FEEDING

- don't need extra feed for 5-7 days. They take crop milk from their parents stomach. Which is known as pigeon milk.
- Male and female pigeon feed their baby in this way for 10 days.
- they become able to fly and feed themselves by their own

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EGG PRODUCTION

- male and female pigeon stay in pairs
- they collect straw and make a small nest.
- start laying eggs when they reach 5 to 6 months of age
- lay a pair of egg after every one month
- Both male and female pigeon hatch the eggs one after another.

CONT.

- It takes about 17 to 18 days to hatch the eggs.
- If artificial nest needed, make it. As the eggs are very small in size, so squab production is very profitable than consuming the eggs.

DISEASES

- Diseases in pigeons are comparatively less than any other poultry birds
- They suffers by TB, paratyphoid, cholera, pox, newcastle, influenza etc.
- Besides this they can also suffer by various louse and malnutritious diseases.

REMEDY

- Follow the advice of an experienced veterinarian.
- Keep the pigeon house clean and germ free.
- Separate the disease affected bird from healthy birds.
- Vaccinate them timely.
- Keep them free from worms.
- Feed them balanced food to prevent malnutritious diseases.
- Use medicine for removing louse from their body.